



## European network of legal experts in gender equality and non-discrimination

### NEWS REPORT

<b>Country:</b>	Liechtenstein
<b>Title:</b>	Gender Equality Act (GLG)
<b>Date:</b>	9 April 2015
<b>Expert:</b>	Nicole Mathé
<b>Context</b>	
<b>Issue at stake:</b>	Amendment of Gender Equality Act
<b>Ground of discrimination:</b>	Sex
<b>Source:</b>	Legislation
<b>Field:</b>	Procedural norms
<b>Applicable law:</b>	Gender Equality Act and Civil Procedure Law

### Content

**Law development:** Art. 11(3) of the Gender Equality Act (GLG) was changed by Law No. 33/2015, Official Gazette, concerning the applicable law in conciliatory proceedings. According to Art. 11(3) of the GLG, conciliatory proceedings are still free of charge and now governed by Arts. 227 *et sequ.* of the Civil Procedure Code. An independent procedure has to be initiated in order to avoid a claim before the court, pursuant to the GLG. During conciliatory proceedings an offer of compromise will be made, if it fails, the parties are free to bring a claim before court. However, the amendment will come into force simultaneously with the Act abolishing the conciliatory offices.

**Key points of analysis:** The amendment only concerns the application of the Civil Procedure Code, rather than the (soon to be) repealed law regarding the conciliatory offices. There is therefore no significant difference between the formerly applicable law and the actually applicable law, so the amendment only has a formal rather than substantive impact on the GLG.

**Internet link source:** Liechtenstein legislation available at:  
<https://www.gesetze.li/chrono/0/pdfs/2015033000>, accessed 27 March 2015.